#### THE AUSTRALIAN GELBVIEH ASSOCIATION INCORPORATED REGULATIONS Amended 15<sup>th</sup> July 2011

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## THE AUSTRALIAN GELBVIEH ASSOCIATION INCORPORATED REGULATIONS

## 1. INTRODUCTION

- **1.1** The Australian Gelbvieh Association Inc. (hereinafter called "The Association") is incorporated in New South Wales under the Associations Incorporation Act 1984. The Articles of Association provide:-
  - "71. The Council may prescribe regulations:-
  - (a) Governing the printing and publishing of the Herdbook;
  - (b) Prescribing the requirements for registration in the Herdbook;
  - (c) Prescribing the fees to be payable in respect of entries registrations and Recordings;
  - (d) Prescribing the conditions upon which the animals will be accepted for and The circumstances in which animals will be rejected from registration in the Herdbook;
  - (e) Generally regulating the conduct of members and the breeding handling and disposal of animals registered in the Herdbook.

72. The Council may from time to time amend the regulations whether by addition deletion alteration or otherwise. The Secretary shall within 30 days notify each member of any regulation or of any amendment so made by Council.

**1.2** These regulations replace the previous edition dated November 2009

## 2. DEFINITIONS USED IN THESE REGULATIONS

- 2.1 "The Association" means The Australian Gelbvieh Association Incorporated.
- **2.2** "The Council" means the Council of the Association.
- **2.3** "These Regulations" means those regulations of the Association from time to time in force.
- **2.4** "Herdbook" means the register of the Association in which records of individual animals are kept.
- **2.5** "Graded up" means an animal classified in the Herdbook as graded up.
- **2.6** "Purebred" means an animal classified in the Herdbook as purebred.
- **2.7** "P" means Purebred.
- **2.8** "Fullblood" means an animal classified in the Herdbook as fullblood.
- **2.9** "F" means fullblood.
- **2.10** "Base cow" means a female of any breed or cross of breeds mated with a full blood or purebred registered Gelbvieh bull to produce grade progeny.
- **2.11** "Tattoo prefix" (formerly "Herd designation") is the unique identification for each herd. It comprises not less than two or more than three letter, numbers or a combination of letters and numbers allotted by the Association to a member.
- 2.12 "Grade" denotes the proportion of Gelbvieh blood in an animal.
- **2.13** "Grade Code" means the number or letter recorded in the herdbook denoting the grade or classification of an animal.

- 2.14 "Year letter" means the letter recorded in the herdbook denoting the year of birth of a registered animal.
- 2.15 "Calf drop number" means the consecutive number allotted by the herd owner to each calf born in his herd.
- 2.16 "Herd name" (formerly "Stud Prefix") means letters and/or numbers recorded in the Herdbook to identify any herd. Up to 12 characters including spaces may be used.
- 2.17 "Animal Name" means letters and/or numbers recorded in the Herdbook being the name of an animal. Up to 18 characters including spaces may be used.
- 2.18 "Identification" in relation to an animal means the unique series of tattoo numbers and letters on that animal showing its tattoo prefix, grade code, year letter and calf drop number. Identification may also refer to a fire brand or freeze brand.
- 2.19 "Registered owner" is the owner/s of an animal recorded in the Herdbook.
- 2.20 "Breeder" is the registered owner/s of a cow at the time of birth of her calf/calves, whether the cow is the natural mother or a recipient.
- 2.21 "Breeding year" means the calendar year from January 1 to December 31.
- 2.22 "Member" means an individual or other legal entity accepted for membership of the Association.
- 2.23 "Non natural member" mean a legal entity other than an individual accepted for membership of the Association.
- 2.24 "Nominee" means an individual nominated to the Association by a non natural member as its responsible officer who shall exercise the voting right/s of such member.
- 2.25 "Service, served or mated by" shall mean natural service, artificial insemination or invitro fertilisation, as the case may be.
- 2.26 "Frozen Embryo" means an embryo not implanted in an animal and where its development has been suspended by any scientific means.
- "Registration certificate" is an extract from the Herdbook or an overseas herdbook 2.27in a form approved by Council.
- 2.28 "Herdbook number" is the unique number of an animal in the Herdbook.
- 2.29 "Recipient" means a surrogate female of any breed or cross of breeds carrying an implanted embryo.
- 2.30 "Australian born" shall include an animal born after export from another country and during transit to Australia.
- 2.31 "Overseas Herdbook" means a Herdbook recognised by the Association as a source of animals eligible for registration in the Herdbook.
- 2.32 "Fees" shall mean any monetary charges payable under the Articles of the Association and/or these regulations.
- 2.33 "Dispersal sale" means any sale incorporating the word dispersal in any advertising or promotional material relating to the sale.

- **2.34** "Association Sponsored Sale" is a sale or combined show and sale organised by or on behalf of the Association and/or any Branch of the Association and which includes the sale of animals registered in the herdbook.
- **2.35** "Owner", except where stated otherwise, is a member who owns registered Gelbvieh or registered Graded Up Gelbvieh.
- **2.36** "Active Female" refers to a registered Gelbvieh female over the age of 18 months as at 1 January in a breeding year, and for which the prescribed animal fee is paid. (Fees Appendix C).
- 2.37 "Female Inventory System" or "F.I.S" refers to the system of calf registration introduced on 1 January 1997, whereby a member may register, from an active female, progeny born during a breeding year subject to the payment of the prescribed fee (Fees appendix C), and the submission of progeny details on the form G1 (Forms Appendix B).
- **2.38** "Leased animal" is a registered animal of either sex which has been leased by one member (lessor) to another (lessee) for purposes of conducting a breeding programme. The lessee is deemed to be the owner of the animal during the term of the lease.
- **2.39** "Accepted AI Sire" is a registered Gelbvieh bull of overseas or Australian origin whose semen has been accepted by Council for the production of progeny registerable in the Herdbook. As from the 1<sup>st</sup> January 2010 Royalty payments will no longer be applicable to any current Gelbvieh Royalty Sires.
- 2.40 "Balancer" means animals as defined in Section 4B of these Regulations.

## 3. HERDBOOK

- **3.1** The Herd Book of the Association is the official record of the Registered Gelbvieh cattle in Australia. Such cattle are classified in the herdbook as either GRADED UP (see Regulation 4A); *Balancer (see Regulation 4B)* PUREBRED (see Regulation 5) or FULLBLOOD (see Regulation 6).
- **3.2** An entry of registration in the Herdbook shall set out the date of registration, herdbook number, tattoo, brand, herd name, animal name, calf drop number, sex, grade code, birth date, colour, breeder, tattoo prefix, herd name, owner, three generation pedigree and performance record of the animal which is the subject of that entry.
- **3.3** After such entry has been made the association shall issue a registration certificate under its seal, which shall be an extract of the entry for such animal in the herdbook.
- **3.4** Transfer of ownership of a registered animal (wholly or in part) shall be entered in the herdbook whereupon the Association shall either issue a new Registration Certificate in the name of the Transferee or record the transfer on the existing registration certificate.
- **3.5** The herdbook shall also record the unique base cow number for each base cow used in a grading up program, details of bulls licensed for general use within the Gelbvieh breed with or without payment of royalties, details of embryo production or importation, embryo ownership, transfer of embryo ownership, embryo use, embryo storage and the unique identification of any recipient.

## 4A. GRADING UP CLASSIFICATION IN THE HERDBOOK

**4A.1** A Gelbvieh infused animal shall be classified as graded up and given a grade code by using the following grading up table:-

## **GRADING UP TABLE**

		<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>P</u>	F	
	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
GRADE	1	0	1	1	1	2	2	GRADE
CODE	2	0	1	2	2	3	3	CODE
OF SIRE	3 P	0 1	1 2	2 3	3 P	P P	P P	OF PROGENY
_	F	1	2	3	Р	Р	F	_

"GRADED UP GELBVIEH" = Gelbvieh infused animals which have been bred in accordance with the Grading-Up Table and are classified as Grades 1,2 or 3.

GELBVIEH = a Gelbvieh animal which is classified Fullblood (F) or Purebred (P) including a Purebred bred in accordance with the Grading Up Table.

- **4A.2** Registered graded up, purebred and full blood bulls are eligible for use in a grading up program, in accordance with table at 4.1.
- **4A.3** It is not possible to produce a fullblood from a grading up program.
- 4A.4 The progeny from purebred parents shall be classified as purebred.
- **4A.5** A base cow used in a grading up program shall be identified with a unique base cow number marked by brand, tattoo or ear tag and notified in writing to the Association at the time of registration of its progeny. Information on the breed or breeds of base animals shall be supplied in such detail as the Association shall require from time to time.
- **4A.6** A commercial member who has been allocated a herd name and tattoo prefix by the Association may apply to register graded up Gelbvieh of grade codes 1 and 2 in the Herdbook.

## 4B BALANCER REGULATIONS

- **4B.1** The Society shall maintain a Balancer Register.
- **4B.2** A Registered Balancer animal shall be identified with the grade code "B".
- **4B.3** Only full and junior members of the Society may register Balancer animals.
- **4B.4** A registered Balancer animal shall have a nominal genetic content of 25% to 75% Gelbvieh and 75% to 25% Angus or Red Angus.
- **4B.5** A registered Balancer animal may have a maximum nominal genetic content of 12.5% of any other breed or combination of breeds.

- **4B.6** To be eligible for registration as a Balancer, an animal must have been sired by one of:
  - 4B.6.1 Registered active Balancer.

4B.6.2 Registered active Purebred Gelbvieh.

4B.6.3 Registered Angus or Red Angus recorded in a Herdbook recognized by the Australian Gelbvieh Association.

4B.7 To be eligible for registration as a Balancer the animal's dam must be one of: 4B.7.1 Registered active Balancer.
4B.7.2 Registered active Grade 3 or Purebred Gelbvieh.
4B.7.3 Registered Angus or Red Angus recorded in a Herdbook recognized by the Australian Gelbvieh Association.
4B.7.4 Recorded Base Angus or Red Angus female.

## 5. PUREBRED CLASSIFICATION IN THE HERDBOOK

- **5.1** A Gelbvieh animal shall be classified and given the grade code "P" if it is in one of the following categories:-
- **5.1.1** An Australian born animal of which both the sire and the dam are registered in the Herdbook and classified as purebred.
- **5.1.2** An Australian born animal of which one parent is registered in the Herdbook and classified as fullblood and the other parent is registered in the Herdbook and classified as purebred.
- **5.1.3** An Australian born animal resulting from a grading-up program and which attains the level 'P' on the Grading Up Table.
- **5.1.4** An imported animal classified as purebred in an overseas herdbook and otherwise verified to the satisfaction of the Association as purebred.

## 6. FULLBLOOD CLASSIFICATION IN THE HERDBOOK

- **6.1** A Gelbvieh animal shall be classified and given the grade code "F" if it is in either of the following categories:-
- **6.1.1** An Australian born animal of which both the sire and the dam are registered in the Herdbook and classified as fullblood.
- **6.1.2** An imported animal classified as fullblood in an overseas herdbook and otherwise verified to the satisfaction of the Association as fullblood.

## 7. **REGISTRATION OF ANIMALS IN THE HERDBOOK**

- 7.1 Application to Register
- **7.1.1** A prerequisite for registration of an (Australian born) animal in the Herdbook is that its sire is registered in The Herdbook or otherwise accepted by the Association for AI use in Australia. The dam of the animal shall be registered in an approved overseas herdbook (e.g. in the case of embryo transfer) or be registered and active in the Herdbook. (See definition 2.20, 2.36, 2.37 and 2.38). (See also regulations 7.2 for Australian born animals and 7.3 for Imported animals).

Information concerning the animals to be registered (or recorded), shall be submitted on the form G1 (Forms – Appendix B) at the completion of calving or the end of the breeding year, whichever is earlier.

**7.1.2** Applications to register Australian born animals, born prior to 1 January 1997 (the commencement date of the F.I.S – see definition 2.36 and 2.37), shall be accepted at

Council's discretion and subject to the prescribed fee (Fees – Appendix C) using form G1 (Forms Appendix B).

- **7.1.3** An application for entry of registration will not be accepted from any person who is not a member of the Association and entitled to apply for registration.
- **7.2** Australian born animals Additional information required to accompany an application for registration.
- **7.2.1** From 1<sup>st</sup> January 2010 all Bulls used for natural service or AI will be required to send a tail hair sample to the University of Queensland for a DNA profile to be conducted.
- **7.2.2** In the case of an embryo transfer calf both of whose parents are registered in the Herdbook but neither of whom are owned by the member applying for registration at the time of the calf's birth, a copy (or reference number) of the flush document supplied by the ET technician is to be supplied.
- **7.2.3** In the case of an embryo transfer calf where the embryo was imported by the member applying for registration, registration certificate for each parent from an overseas herdbook copies of a three generation pedigree for both parents, and either blood type certificates or blood case numbers or DNA profile for both parents, together with proof of ownership of the embryo are required and/or the reference number of any Embryo Import Form or other document provided by Council for the recording of Imported Embryos.
- **7.3** Imported animal Additional information required to accompany an application for registration.
- **7.3.1** A registration certificate from the overseas herdbook, with the importing member who is applying for registration listed on the certificate as the registered owner. In the absence of the importing member being so listed, other satisfactory proof shall be supplied that such a member was the legal owner of the animal prior to its departure from the country of origin.
- **7.3.2** A registration certificate from Germany must be accompanied by written evidence from the organisation issuing such certificate as to the Gelbvieh blood percentage of the animal.
- **7.3.3** A blood type certificate or a DNA profile certificate from the country of origin, except where the registration certificate carries a legible blood case number.
- 7.4 Registrations from living or deceased bulls no limit on numbers.
- **7.4.1** For the owner of a living or deceased bull there is no limit to the number of calves eligible for registration within the owners herd. For non-owners there is no limit to the total number of calves eligible for registration providing Sire Permit or AI certificates are produced, if required by the Association. (Refer, also, to Section 17).
- **7.4.2** There is no limit to the total number of grade calves eligible for registration when sired by a bull which is registered in the herdbook.

## 8. NON REGISTRATION/ OR DEREGISTRATION

- **8.1** Any animal may upon the written application of its registered owner be deregistered.
- 8.2 The Council may in its discretion which shall be final:-

- **8.2.1** Decline to enter any animal in the Herdbook if the application for registration is incomplete or otherwise defective.
- 8.2.2 Decline to enter any animal in the Herdbook if the appropriate fees are not paid.
- **8.2.3** Cancel or delete any registration of an animal if the registered owner of such animal shall fail to pay the Association within 30 days after demand any monies owing to the Association.
- **8.3** Deregistration of any animal shall not affect the registration of any calf of which such animal is the sire or dam if the conception of such calf occurred during the period of registration of such animal. Deregistration alone shall not constitute a disqualification from re-registration.
- **8.4** An animal transferred to a non member who does not join the Association within 60 days of purchase and/or acquisition thereof shall be deemed to be deregistered but may be reinstated on such terms as Council shall, in its discretion determine which shall be final.
- **8.5** An animal with known genetic notifiable defects will not be registered, but if registered will be deregistered.

## 9. TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF A REGISTERED ANIMAL

- **9.1** Application for Transfer of ownership (either wholly or in part) of an animal entered in the Herdbook shall be made to the Association by the animal's registered owner signing the back of the registration certificate and lodging it, with the prescribed fee (Fees Appendix C).
- **9.2** In the case of transfer of a registered female she shall, if inactive on the FIS, be made active prior to transfer (Fees Appendix C).
- **9.3** In the case of transfer of a registered active female with a calf (calves) at foot the member transferor shall disclose to the transferee the registration status of the progeny, which if registration is required shall carry the herd name and tattoo of the transferor, with the transferor's written permission for registration and transfer to occur.

#### 10. IDENTIFICATION OF A REGISTERED ANIMAL BY TATTOO OR FIREBRAND OR FREEZE BRAND

- **10.1** Every animal eligible for registration shall before it is 270 days old be permanently marked by tattoo in its left ear as follows:-
- **10.1.1** Tattoo prefix followed by Grade code above the first rib of the Left Ear.
- **10.1.2** Year Code followed by Calf Drop number below the first rib of the Left Ear.
- **10.2** In the event of a mistake being made, an X shall be placed over the tattoo in the left ear and the correct tattoo shall be reapplied in the right ear and the Association shall be notified in writing.
- **10.3** A member may elect to identify a registered animal by firebrand or freeze brand and shall so notify the Association in writing provided that:

- **10.3.1** The animal shall be allocated a tattoo in accordance with 10.1 and 10.2 (above) by its owner when registration is applied for notwithstanding that the animal shall not have been so marked.
- **10.3.2** The firebrand or freeze brand shall incorporate the calf drop number of the allocated tattoo, such that the tattoo number and firebrand or freeze brand calf drop number shall be the same.
- **10.3.3** If the firebrand or freeze brand is not considered legible by inspectors or stewards at a show or at an Association sponsored show and sale, the Association may require that the allocated tattoo be marked on the animal in accordance with 10.1 and 10.2 (above).
- **10.4** Where a registered animal has been identified by firebrand, or freeze brand, the registration certificate of the animal shall show both the firebrand number and the allocated tattoo.
- **10.5** The use of any tattoo marking other than the animal's allocated tattoo is not permitted in the event of a change of ownership of a fire branded or freeze branded animal.
- **10.6** In the event of any dispute the tattoo shall take precedence.

## 11. MATING OF REGISTERED ANIMALS

- **11.1** A member may use Artificial Insemination or Natural Service in a registered herd provided all information required on the Association's Mating, Calving and Registration Data Form (G1) (Forms appendix B) is completed and lodged in accordance with Regulation 7 (Registration of Animals in the Herdbook).
- **11.2** Only registered sires may be used.
- **11.3** The use of a Sire not owned by a member is governed by regulations at section 17.
- **11.3.1 11.4.5** *These subsections have been moved to 17.3.1 to 17.3.3.*
- **11.4** A minimum of 30 days must elapse between the last date of service of a female by AI or Natural Service and the depastuing of that female with a cover bull.

## 12. EMBRYOS

- **12.1** From 1<sup>st</sup> January 2009 all Australian born donor dams will require a DNA profile to be submitted.
- **12.2** A parentage determination certificate if multiple sires are used for inseminating the donor female.
- **12.3** Any split portion of an embryo shall be deemed to be a separate embryo.
- 12.4 The transfer of ownership of a pregnant recipient carrying an implanted embryo is permitted provided the embryo has been previously notified to the Association and the transferor applies to the Association for the issue of an Embryo Disposal Form (G6) (Forms Appendix B) and pays the prescribed fee (Fees Appendix C).
- **12.5** The transferor is to supply the transferee with a copy of the implant sheet.

## **13. PARENTAGE VERIFICATION**

The Council may require parentage verification of any animal by DNA testing to be carried out in the manner directed by Council at the cost of the registered owner, or applicant for registration or transfer, as the case may be.

## 14. BREED STANDARDS

The Council shall set and maintain standards for the breed which shall be appended to and form part of these regulations under the heading Standards of Excellence (Standards - Appendix A).

## 15. DEHORNING

- **15.1** Dehorning is recommended and in any event is compulsory for an animal entered in any public show including Royal Shows or in an Association sponsored show and/or sale.
- **15.2** Any animal carrying any length of scur, is not permissible as a polled animal and will be classified as scurred provided that the scurrs are not attached to the skull.
- **15.3** When dehorned the residual horn base shall not exceed 5 cm (2") as measured from the underside of the horn.

## 16. MULTIPLE OWNERSHIP

- **16.1** The Association will register a maximum of eight shareholdings in an animal, an embryo ( or split of an embryo) and in the unlicensed semen of a bull.
- **16.2** Each shareholder must be a member of the Association.
- **16.3** The minimum shareholding is 10% and each shareholding must be a whole number.
- **16.4** The Association require multiple owners to lodge an agreement with the Association setting out details of the shareholding and the rights and obligations of each shareholder.
- 16.5 In the event that any shareholder ceases to be a member of the Association the remaining shareholders shall notify the Association in writing of the change in the shareholding and pay the prescribed transfer fee (Fees Appendix C) and levy calculated on the value of the share of the outgoing shareholder. Failure to comply with this regulation shall be a ground for terminating the membership of all shareholders at the discretion of Council which shall be final.
- **16.6** Any shareholder entitled to possession of an animal in the absence of other agreement with the remaining shareholders shall have the right to show such animal.

## 17. USE OF NON OWNED SIRES

- 17.1 The owner of a Gelbvieh bull, or of its semen marketing rights (Forms Appendix B) may apply to the Association to have that bull accepted as an A.I sire for general use in production of progeny eligible for registration in the Herdbook by any member.
- **17.2** Such an application is subject to Council approval and payment of the appropriate fee (Fees Appendix C).

- **17.3** The application to license an Accepted A.I sire or to register its progeny, as the case may be, shall be accompanied by:-
- **17.3.1** A country of origin three generation pedigree certificate of the bull;.
- 17.3.2 A DNA type certificate of the bull;
- **17.3.3** An agreement of entitlement between owners where the bull and/or the Australian Semen Marketing Rights are subject to Multiple Ownership.
- 17.4 The owner of a Gelbvieh bull which is not licensed as an AI sire for general use in the breed shall be entitled to issue a Natural Service Certificate (G8) (Forms Appendix B) on the following conditions:-
- **17.4.1** A Natural Service Certificate will only permit the use of that sire in the herd of another member.
- **17.4.2** A member who issues a Natural Service Certificate shall forthwith lodge it with the Association (Forms Appendix B) and pay the prescribed fee (Fees Appendix C).
- **17.4.3** A member to whom a Natural Service Certificate is issued shall be entitled to register not more than 50 progeny of that sire, in any one year.

## **18. SEMEN MARKETING RIGHTS**

- **18.1** The registered owner of an Accepted A.I. sire or of the semen marketing rights for the sire shall have the right to sell semen of that sire for general use within the breed with or without payment of royalty on registration of progeny.
- **18.2** Progeny from the semen of an Accepted A.I. sire may be registered provided all other requirements to register under these rules are satisfied.
- **18.3** The registered owner of an Accepted A.I. sire may transfer the semen marketing rights of that sire provided an agreement to that effect is lodged with the Association at the time of transfer.

## **19.** SHOWS AND SALES

- **19.1** General requirements for all shows and sales, and private sales.
- **19.1.1** The Association requires all members to observe the highest standards at shows and sales. Any misrepresentation (including the holding of "bogus" dispersal sales) is considered detrimental to the Association and the Gelbvieh breed.
- **19.1.2** Each animal advertised or offered for sale as "registered" shall be registered in the Herdbook of the Association, and a valid Certificate of Registration or Association, and a valid Certificate of Registration or Association copy of application for registration must be available at the time of sale as evidence of such registration with the Association.
- **19.1.3** Any member who owes any money to the Association which is overdue for payment shall not be permitted:-
- **19.1.3.1** To advertise in any publication of the Association.

- **19.1.3.2** To present registered animals or other transferable genetic material at an Association sponsored sale.
- **19.1.4** The Association reserves the right to inspect any animal entered for Association sponsored show and/or sales or Royal Show, and to reject any animal without being required to give any reason. The Standard of Excellence (Standards Appendix A) shall be adopted for inspections carried out in accordance with the Association's guidelines for inspectors (Inspection Guidelines Appendix D).
- **19.1.5** All animals entered in shows must be registered with the Australian Gelbvieh Association Inc. as pure or full blood, including a calf at foot or Balancer. A Grade animal is eligible for entry in a crossbred steer competition in accordance with the individual Royal Show Society regulations
- **19.1.6** Exhibitors (at shows) need to be current financial members of the Association and animals being exhibited must be registered and active in the Herdbook.
- **19.2** Requirements which apply to all sales including dispersal sales.
- **19.2.1** All sales advertising and any sale catalogue shall be calculated to bring to the attention of prospective buyers all pertinent information concerning the identification, registered status, pedigree and particulars of breeding of animals to be offered for sale.
- **19.2.2** Where performance recording and/or BreedPlan data is published it is to include all published data for that animal.
- **19.2.3** The sale catalogue shall contain a full account of the embryo transfer history of any donor female offered for sale, including the identification of each service sire used and the number of embryos recovered, transferred and/or held in storage.
- **19.2.4** Any animal declared by the Association to be a confirmed carrier of a notifiable recessive genetic defect shall not be offered or transferred.
- **19.2.5** Any error or inaccuracy in a sale catalogue and any necessary correction to the information provided in sale advertisements, shall be made by announcement at the sale and shall take precedence.
- **19.2.6** Any female which has given birth to any calf by caesarian section shall be identified in the catalogue as having done so.
- **19.3** Additional requirements for dispersal sales.
- **19.3.1** Any member who advertises a dispersal shall catalogue and present for sale all registered animals, and other transferable genetic material, in his possession, and unless such advertisement is amended by public announcement at least two weeks prior to the date of the sale and by verbal and written public announcement on the day of and prior to the sale that the sale is not a dispersal sale, it shall be required of the member that all registered animals, and other transferable genetic material, in his possession are offered. This regulation over rules regulation 19.2.5.
- **19.3.2** Any registered animal or transferable genetic material not sold during the dispersal sale must be transferred out of the dispersing herd within 30 days of the dispersal sale. Those animals and genetic material not transferred will be de-registered. Any variation is subject to Council approval.
- **19.3.3** A member holding a dispersal sale must present a signed transfer of ownership form for each lot to the Association prior to the sale.

- **19.3.4** A member shall require his agent to collect and submit to the Association a marked catalogue or sale roll, containing full particulars of the sale, including purchaser transfer requirements, accompanied by the applicable transfer fees and levies deducted from the proceeds of the sale.
- **19.3.5** On completion of a dispersal sale, the Vendor will surrender the right to use the herd prefix of the dispersed herd in the registration of any future calves of that breed.

## **19.4** Code of Practice

The Association has endorsed the code of practice published by the Australian Registered Cattle Breeders Association (ARCBA). Any stud breeder may become a signatory to the Code which has been recommended by the majority of beef breed societies.

## 20. ILLEGAL USE OF DRUGS

- **20.1** The use of any drug, tranquilizer or hormone which artificially enhances performance, fertility (except in the case of Embryo Transfer), physical appearance, behavior or which may disguise the natural features of an animal shall not be permitted unless such use is certified as necessary for therapeutic treatment of an illness and is accepted as such by the Council.
- **20.2** The Council shall have the right to order the taking of a sample of blood, saliva or urine from any suspect animal for purposes of testing for any drug, tranquilizer or hormone prohibited by these regulations, at the owners expense.
- **20.3** The detection of the use of any drug, tranquilizer or hormone prohibited by these regulations in any animal may render that animal and its progeny liable to be removed from the Herdbook by the Council and its registered owner liable to cancellation of membership by the Council.

## 21. PERFORMANCE RECORDING

**21.1** Performance recording using BREEDPLAN is available to members. Provision is made on the prescribed registration form G1 (Forms - Appendix B), for the recording of birth weight.

## 22. CATTLE LEASING

- **22.1** The Association recognises the existence of cattle leasing arrangements and such lessees are deemed to be owners for the purposes of these regulations. Both lessors and lessees are required to be members, except in the case of commercial lease finance arrangements where the lessee only is required to be a member.
- 22.2 In the leasing of an animal for whatever purpose, the lessor shall transfer ownership of the animal to the lessee as if a sale had taken place, the consideration being the market value of the animal at the time of transfer, and transfer fees and/or levies shall be payable to the Association. When a lease is terminated and an animal is transferred back to the lessor no transfer fee shall be payable.

## 23. CORRECTIONS TO THE HERDBOOK

Should any animal be registered in the Herdbook or transferred through misrepresentation or fraud the Council on discovery of same shall declare the entry of registration or transfer void, together with any entries which have been made of descendents of that animal. The Council may in its absolute discretion, which shall be final, refuse any subsequent application for registration or transfer dependent on the signature of any person implicated in such fraudulent entry or transfer. Errors will be resolved as to parentage by DNA profile (Regulation 13).

## 24. FEES

**24.1** The Council shall from time to time prescribe a schedule of fees, levies and other charges including penalties payable under these Regulations and the times for payment thereof which shall be appended to and form part of these Regulations (Fees - Appendix C).

## The Australian Gelbvieh Association Inc.

## Appendix A

# STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE (Refer Regulations 14 and 19.1.4)

## INTRODUCTION

The guidelines set down by The Association for standards for Gelbvieh cattle are set out below.

The aim is to breed a single colour, long living and fertile beast, with wide and deep form and a good body, with correct foundations on darkly coloured hooves. Muscle in the area of the shoulder, the back and the hind legs should be even, and well developed.

Australian Gelbvieh cattle should conform to the following breed standards:

## 1. COLOUR

The colour of the breed in accordance with the German herdbook (the founding society) is yellow (shades varying from very light to dark but is generally defined as red). White is permitted on an animal, but as a minor colour proportion. A Graded Up animal attaining four generations (Purebred) is acceptable for registration as Gelbvieh in the Australian Gelbvieh Association herdbook, irrespective of colour.

The colour of the new Balancer breed which arises from crossing between Angus, Red Angus and Gelbvieh or between two Balancer animals shall vary between yellow, Red or Black.

## 2. CONFORMATION

## 2.1 General

The bull should be masculine, display breed character, and be capable of natural service and reproduction. The female should display breed character, and the cow should have evidence of calving, coupled with calving ease. She should display an even and firmly attached udder and have adequate, but not excessive milking ability.

All animals should be of good temperament. Ill tempered or highly nervous animals should not be tolerated.

## 2.2 Head

The head should be of good length and width from eye to muzzle and with ample room from eyes to the top of the head. The female should look feminine.

The jaw should be strong and neither undershot nor overshot.

The Association has made dehorning compulsory for registered animals entered in Shows and Sales. (The maximum horn residue is 5cm measured from the skull on the underside of the horn).

## 2.3 Forequarter

The neck should fit smoothly into the shoulders. The chest should be broad and moderately deep with a well sprung forerib. The withers firmly fitting where the shoulders meet so that this forms a straight line with the back. Forelegs should be well set to allow for good angulation of the shoulders. The pasterns should be firm; hooves even, correctly formed, and of dark colour.

#### **The Australian Gelbvieh Association Inc**

**Appendix B** 



Appendix C



# The Australian Gelbvieh Association Inc Fee Schedule

Effective from 1<sup>st</sup> January 2014

Membership	Price	GST	Total					
Annual Membership	\$200.00	\$20.00	\$220.00					
Junior/School Membership	\$20.00	\$2.00	\$22.00					
Commercial Membership	\$40.00	\$4.00	\$44.00					
Prefix Fee	\$100.00	\$10.00	\$110.00					
Pro Rata Membership (part year- per month)	\$20.00	\$2.00	\$22.00					
Inventory Fee								
First 100 P or F Grade Females	\$26.00	\$2.60	\$28.60					
101 to 200 P or F Grade Females	\$25.00	\$2.50	\$27.50					
201 to 300 P or F Grade Females	\$24.00	\$2.40	\$26.40					
301 to 400 P or F Grade Females	\$23.00	\$2.30	\$25.30					
Grade 1, 2 or 3 Females	\$15.00	\$1.50	\$16.50					
Balancer Females	\$15.00	\$1.50	\$16.50					
Performance Recording	\$10.00	\$1.00	\$11.00					
Transfer of Ownership								
(Lodge within 90 days)								
Transfer of Registered Female	\$40.00	\$4.00	\$44.00					
Late Transfer (>90 Days) Registered Female & Bulls	\$60.00	\$6.00	\$66.00					
Embryo, Frozen or PTIC	\$20.00	\$2.00	\$22.00					
Late Transfer of Embryo (>90 Days)	\$30.00	\$3.00	\$33.00					
Leased Female/Bull, at start of leas	\$100.00	\$10.00	\$110.00					
(No fee on termination of Lease, transfer back to owner)								
Al Sires								
AI Accepted Sire	\$100.00	\$10.00	\$110.00					
Register Imported Animal	\$100.00	\$10.00	\$110.00					
Other								
Correct error on Pedigree Certificate	\$15.00	\$1.50	\$16.50					
Reissue lost Pedigree Certificate	\$15.00	\$1.50	\$16.50					
Minimum charge for all other paperwork	\$20.00	\$2.00	\$22.00					

#### Please Note

Accounts Exceeding 30 Days will be charged a 1% Account Keeping Fee compounded monthly until account paid in full.

## The Australian Gelbvieh Association Inc

## **Appendix D**

## **<u>GUIDELINES FOR INSPECTORS</u>** (Refer Regulation 19.1.4)

The Association reserves the right to inspect the offering at Association sponsored Shows and Sales and Royal Shows. If thought advisable it may reject any animal, without being required to give any reason to the vendor or exhibitor concerned.

The Association shall appoint Inspectors for the above events and the following guidelines shall apply:-

## 1. **IDENTIFICATION**

Inspectors shall be satisfied that the tattoo and/or brand of an animal has been correctly applied and is consistent with the animal's registration certificate.

## 2. COAT COLOUR

Animals shall conform to the standard of coat colour as defined in the Association's Standards of Excellence.

#### **3.** STRUCTURAL DEFECTS

Obvious gross structural defects shall not be tolerated.

#### 4. HEALTH

Animals exhibiting sickness, lameness or low condition (Condition Score 1) shall be rejected.

## 5. HORNS

**a)** Animals shall be dehorned and any such animal carrying 5cm or more of horn, as measured from the skull on the underside of the horn, shall be rejected.

#### 6. GENERAL

Animals shall be expected to conform to the descriptions shown in the Association's Standard of Excellence document.

## 7. **DENTITION**

All junior classes may be inspected at all Royal Shows